



Introduction Lesson On Cloud Nine

3

Kanji Transcript	2
Kana Transcript	2
Rōmaji Transcript	2
Translation	2
Vocabulary	3
Grammar Points	3



漢字版

かなばん

よし お元気ですか。
ちぐさ はい、元気ですよ。
ちぐさ お元気ですか。
よし はい、絶好調です！

よし おげんきですか。
ちぐさ はい、げんきですよ。
ちぐさ おげんきですか。
よし はい、ぜっこうちょうです！

2

Rōmaji

Translation

Yoshi O-genki desu ka?
Chigusa Hai, genki desu yo.
Chigusa O-genki desu ka?
Yoshi Hai, zekkōchō desu!

Yoshi How are you?
Chigusa I'm fine.
Chigusa How are you?
Yoshi I'm doing amazing.



Vocabulary - 単語

Kanji	Kana	Rōmaji	English
元気	げんき	genki	vigor, high spirit
凄い	すごい	sugoi	great, amazing
絶好調	ぜっこうちょう	zekkōchō	in top condition
ばっちり	ばっちり	bacchiri	perfectly

3

Grammar Points

Today's grammar points are the interrogative particle *ka* and the sentence-ending particle *yo*.

Ka is a sentence-ending particle that can be used to change a declarative statement into a yes-no question, or in combination with interrogative words such as *nani*, *dare*, etc., to ask an open-ended question. In Japanese, the subject is often inferred once it is known or if it can be inferred through context of the question or situation. In a situation similar to that of today's conversation, but in which there are more than two people, it may be necessary for the speaker to specify to whom he/she is asking "How are you?"

Today's second grammar point is the sentence-ending particle *yo*, which is used by the speaker to express a strong conviction about something or to emphatically declare something. For example, there is a notable difference between the following two replies to the question, "*O-genki desu ka?* - How are you?"

- 1) 元気です。 • *Genki desu.* - I'm well./I'm good.
- 2) 元気ですよ。 • *Genki desu yo.* - I'm well!/I'm good!